IN ONLY TWO DISTRICTS, Primaries for the election of delegates to the Republican State Convention were held in this city last evening under the plan of reorganiion allowing all Republicans to take part in them. A considerable number in nearly every district availed themselves of this privflege. In some districts nearly 50 per cent of the voters were not allied with the regular associations. There were only two contests in the XVth and the XXIst Districts.

SUCCESS OF THE REORGANIZATION PLAN. INDEPENDENT VOTERS AT THE POLLS IN EVERY DISTRICT.

The result of the primaries may be accepted as proving the success of the efforts to reorganize the Republican party in this city on a more liberal Any Republican who voted for the Republican Presidential Electors in 1880 was allowed to vote for delegates, whether his name was on the rolls of the district association or not. In every district there were ballots cast by voters who have not heretofore taken part in the primaries. Regret was expressed that the inextended by the Republican tions was not more generally accept-The number of persons voting who were not ers of the regular associations of the districts to which they live was 20 to 25 per cent of the entire number of voters. There were few challenges. The statement of the voter that he had cast his ballot for Garfield and Arthur in was accepted as sufficient proof of his right

In a majority of the districts where here ore there have been warm contests the differnces have been settled and the elections were har ous. This was the case in the VIth, 1Xth XIIIth and XXIIId Districts. Each of the conling factions made concessions, representatives of each were on the tickets roted, and all were satisfied. Exceptions were found in the XVth and XXIst Districts. There has been trouble in the XVth District for several years. After every annual election for officers of the Association and delegates to the Central Committee, the latter body has been called on decide the claims of contesting delegations for admission. Last evening proved no exception to the rule. A large body police was present to preserve order its services were in constant requisition to quell incipient riots. The test prescribed by the nended Article XI of the constitution of the Reican Central Committee received no considerathe inspectors simply requiring the to pledge himself to act with Republican party at the coming on. In the XXIst District there was opposition to Joseph Hart, the publisher of Truth newspeper, who was nominated as a delegate. Many of the old Republicans refused to vote for him, and cast their ballots for Theodore Roosevelt, Mr. Hart received 76 votes to 55 for Mr. Roosevelt. These

In the XVIIth District the inspectors of ion and leaders of the Republican associaion refused to recognize the authority of Colonel V. R. Cruger to act as supervisor. They said hat under the by-laws of the association there was no authority to recognize a supervisor. Section Vith of the plan of reorganization of the Republi can party in this city, adopted by the Republican Central Committee June 19 of the present year, provides that at the primary to be held last evening "the president of the Central Committee shall appoint twenty-seven supervisors of election, one to be assigned to each nbly District, or part of district, who shall have like powers with the inspectors of election, and whose signature shall be necessary to the regularity of any certificate of delegates elected.

In the XIXth and XXIVth Districts delegates to Assembly District Conventions were chosen by the will meet to-day to elect deregates to the State

The delegation from this city, taken as a whole, mone of the best that has ever been sent to repre-sent it at a State Convention. It includes Repub licans who have been active workers in the party ever since its organization, and others who have not hesitated to speak their minds when they thought that the action of the Republican leaders bas called for criticism.

RESULTS IN THE VARIOUS DISTRICTS. FIRST DISTRICT.

The 1st Assembly District primary election was held at No. 28 Varick-st., under the supervision of Colone les S. Spencer. There was only one ticket in the feld, for which 319 votes were cast. This is an increas about 100 over the number of votes usually led at the primary elections in this district. A note corthy feature of this election was the fact that a large number of the votes were cast by young men who have ore taken no active part in the primaries. The Tell-book of the district association was not used, and it was imposable to association was not used, and it was imposable to association how many votes were east by persons not members of the organization. The following is the ticket elected:

Deterraces—William L. Strong and Colonel J. Van Etmaner, Alternates—Daniel J. Murley, John F. Coadon.

SECOND DISTRICT.

The poiling of votes in the 11d Assembly District took on, No. 466 Pearl-at., and lasted from 7 to 9 o'clock. am H. Townley, a candidate for delegate in the IVth District, acted as supervisor. There was only one beket in the field; it was headed by Dennis Shea. Five en not members of the association presented them in regard to their voting in 1880, their votes were re-ceived. One vote was challenged; it was accepted. At 0 o'clock the ballots were counted, and it was found that 101 votes had been cast in favor of the regular text. There was no scratching. Usually about 100 votes are polled at primaries in this district. The result was as follows: Delegates—Dennis Shea and Morris Friedsam. Alter-ates—Daniel Isola and Francis McGrane. elves and, having answered satisfactorily the question

THIRD DISTRICT. Harmony reigned supreme among the voters of the Hid District at Science Hall last night. The ticket made p by the Executive Committee of the Association was ply one in the field, and 188 votes were cast for it. anchip of the delegation was offered to orge H. Andrews, but was decined on the score of ill alth. L. M. Scudder, the supervisor assigned to this ot, did not appear, an on the motion of James H. conson, secretary of the association, B. F. Baker, vice-resident of the Young Men's Republican Club, was nanimously elected to act in that capacity. The in-sectors of election were John H. Framing, Bernard F. toran and J. D. C. Priest. Charles N. Taintor, the said of the district, said that not more than 5 per stof those who voted were members of the regular ranization, and expressed his gratification at the re-al of the election and the general disposition to har-suits. The result of the primary was as follows: Delegates-Bloomiteld Usher, ir., William H. Bissel and lliam E. Morris. *ternates—Herman Holtje, William Brazier and Lav & Costello.

FO ATH DISTRICT. Several groups of men were gathered about the rooms of the Republican Club in the IVth Assembly District, at 207 East Broadway, where the primary was held CY were quietly discussing the result of the election delegates in this city with expressions of satisfaction tording the movement that permitted all Republicans mite again with the party. Everything was con ed quietly and with good feeling. Supervisor Var fek said there was only one ticket and that was ted is perfect accord by all Republicans in the dis Charles Abbott, one of the prominent members of ablican Club, said the vote was unusually large of a primary meeting; out of nearly two bundred votes are than alxly were cast by Republicans whose names treate on the rolls of the association. Many of them, said, were good Republicans, whose only reason for thing part herecolore was their dislike of going unity form. The vote was unanimous for the following text. The vote was unanimous for the following text. Without H. Townier and Patrick J. O'Brien. Literance—Without R. Townier and H. F. Lawrence.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

the Vib District primary was well attended and the

voting went on in an orderly and quiet manner, the polls closing as the clock struck ten. The average number of votes cast for delegates at previous election has been about 175; last evening the total number of ballots was 205. Of these 34 were cast by Independent Republicans and 171 by members of the association. John H. Brady, one of the delegates elected, said that from all could learn the new movement, which working well and all seemed in favor o policy which would render party dissension no longer a source of strife and contention. The vote last evening, Mr. Brady thought, was decidedly encouraging, showing, as it did, 34 independent voters who had taken advantage of the new amendment. The inspectors were M. H. Carlin, C. L. Heney and George H. Bloom, and Luther Morey acted as supervisor. All the delegates and alternates elected were members of the association. They are:

the delegates and alternates the association. They are:
Delegates—John H. Brady, James D. Hawes and
Joseph E. Muhling. Alternates—Lutaer Morey, C. L.
Brockmeier and H. M. Nicholson.
SIXTH DISTRICT.

In the VIth Assembly District the supervisor was ex-Judge Horace Russell, and the inspectors were Charles Major, Charles Freely and Frederick Sinzer. Only one ticket was in the field, headed by John Simpson. It is aid that there are 400 members on the roll, but the vote was light. At 9:30 twenty-five non-members had voted, and about half a dozen voted after that time. The non-members were mostly young men. Some were required to swear in their votes, and some were accepted without question. The total number of votes was 122, most of which were cast before 9 o'clock, and the following ticket was elected without opposition: Delegates—John Simpson, John Siebling and Adam Gernand. Alternates—Moses Lehrberger, Thomas Kane and J. Henry Wendelken.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

In the Viith District the primary was held at No. 56 Clinton-place, which is the headquarters of the Lincoln Club, most of whose members belong to the District Association, which numbers 800. The spresident of the former, Fire Commissioner Cornelius Van Cott, is also the president of the latter. The voting began at 7 o'clock with Professor Theodore W. Dwight, of the Columbia Law School, as supervisor, F. A. Shield secretary, and Whitfield Van Cott, John McKeever and Washington Parker inspectors. Two hundred and fortyour votes were cast, fully one-half of these being deposited by gentlemen who were not members of the District Association. The number of Republican voters in the district is estimated roughly at 5,500. There was no opposition to the ticket arranged by the association. votes were east quickly at the rate of two per min. ute for two hours. This required rapid writing on the part of the secretary. After 9 o'clock only a few votes were cast, and at 10 the polls were closed. Professor Dwight said that this was only a temporary matter What was hopeful was that the importance of the primaries was recognized by the Legislature. He hoped that after November registration would be required previous to voting at the primaries, and he thought that the day would come when no one would be allowed to vote at the poils who had not previously voted at the primaries. It would be necessary to subdivide the primary polling-places in the same manner as the voting precincts, as it was obvious that no more than 360 could have voted last right in the three hours. Commissioner Van Cott said that it would be extremely difficult to get men in such subdivided primary precincts to subscribe for the necessary expenses. The average citizen as a rule felt no interest in the primaries. There was not one of the strangers who had voted who would not have been received in the Association, if he had made application. But they did not come because they knew they could do only little to change results when they did come. The result of the primary was:

Delegates—John D. Lawson, John Watts Russell, Charles F. Uirien, George W. Parker, Abrahum D. Carlock. Alternates—Alfred Conking, Lispenard Stewart, william H. Housner, jr., T. J. Magmahan, John Williamson. hat after November registration would be required

EIGHTH DISTRICT. "I have seen about sixty new faces here to-night, who are not on the roll," said John J. O'Brien last night in the VIIIth District. "There is no opposition. We have not administered the oath to any extent, as most of the voters are known to me from my long residence in the district." "There doesn't seem to be any more interest manifested to-night than under the old law, and Inspector Jones, "but at the year) in December, when the control of district is in question, we expect there will be more, and the same privilege will be extended to Republicans not on the rolls then as now." The total number of votes cast was a little over 3.0. Oatas were administered in less than a dozen cases. There was only one ticket in the field, headed by William Dowd. The voting was quiet and not steady. Ex-Congressman Edward Einstein was supervisor and Thomas Riker, John McDonaid and George W. Jones hapectors. The following is the ticket elected:

Delegates—William Dowd, Ethan Allen, Edwards Pierrepont, Bernard Rourke, Alternates—John E. Brodsky, Frederick Finck, Charles Smith, George H. Werfelman.

NINTH DISTRICT. "As quiet as a Sunday-school," said John W. Jacobus, president of the IXth Assembly District Association, last night, when asked how the primary was being conducted in the Bleecker Building. Unlike pre-vious years, there was only one ticket in the field, and the Republican voters deposited their tickets without confusion, saying scarcely more than "Good evening and stating their names. Ex-Alderman James W Hawes, of the X1th District, was the supervisor, and at Hawes, or the ARB District, was the supervisor, and at the ballot-box sat also Inspectors Charles A. Benedict, George E. Nodine and Robert R. Carpenter, the latter the oldest inspector of election in the city, having served in that capacity continuously for upwards of thirty years. The usual vote at the primary elections in this district ranges from 300 to 4,000 but there were only 266 ballots cast last night, of which between fifty and sixty were deposited by persons not members of the associaballots cast last night, of which between fifty and sixty were deposited by persons not members of the association. The smallness of the vote was attributed to the fact that there was no spirited contest over rival tickets, as in previous years. One or two names were scratched on some ballots. The ticket elected was:

Delegates—Jacob D. Ackerman, William H. Miller, Jereminh Pangburn and Charles H. Morgan. Aiternates—James Shodgrass, Michael J. Kafferty, Louis E. Denniker, and Louis Uthoff.

TENTH DISTRICT. The portly form of Police Justice Patterson towered above a crowd of men at the primary election of the Xth Assembly District Republican Association, held at Concordia Hall, in Avenue A. The inspectors, who for nearly three hours had been as busy as bees, had nearly completed their work for the evening. "The election has been gratifying to every Republi-

can who has visited this hall to night," said Justice Patterson as he watched the last man deposit his ballot, and the experiment of allowing Republicans outside of the association to participate in the election has, in my opinion, proved a success. As far as my observation has extended these men have voted the straight ticket. The inspectors on counting the ballots found that had been cast, of which num-only four had been scratched. The number of votes cast by outside voters was 25. "It was as honest and square an election as ever I saw," said Wilham Dowd, the supervisor, as he lighted a cigar. "I want to say I am nearthy in favor of the new departure and believe it will help us out of many difficulties." The ticket elected was:

Delegates—Ferdinand Eldman, Thomas Rothmann, Ferdinand Erhart, and Henry C. Batty. Alternates—August Fleischbein, Jacob May, Joseph Martin and John Hughes.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT. The primary of the Xith Assembly District, in the rooms of the Republic Club at Broadway and Thirtyfourth-st., was quietly conducted, there being little except the increased attendance to mark any change from an ordinary primary. This district includes the greater part of Murray Hill. It has had a large independent Republican vote. The results of the new rule were marked. About one-third of the votes east were by persons outside the association. There was no opposition to the regular ticket. No oath was administer to those who were not members. They were merely asked if they voted for the Republican Presidentia electors in 1-80, and their affirmative answers were con-sidered sufficient. Following is the list of delegates elected:
Delegates—Whitelaw Reid, Robert R. Hamilton,
James W. Hawes, Herman G. Carier, Alterontes—S.
V. R. Cruger, Thomas H. Brown, James M. Varnum
Edward S. Flow.
TWELFTH DISTRICT.

In the XIIth Assembly District the election took place at No. 291 East Fourth-st., and passed off quietly. The atmost harmony and good feeling prevailed. There was no opposition to the ticket which was nominated at a caucus of the District Association held on the previous evening. There were 334 votes cast, and it was stated

that at least one-half of the voters were not members of the regular district organization. The ticket which was unanimously elected was: Delegates—Garrett Roach, Edwin A. McAlpio, Locke W. Winchester. Alternates—George Hillard, Charles Naudin, George B. Riggius.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT. In the XIIIth District nothing occurred to mar the perfect harmony which characterized the pri-mary. No vote was challenged, and no one met with any obstructions or annoyances in casting his vote. One man after another walked up to the table, took one of the printed tickets and handed it over to be dropped in the ballot-box. Persons, who were not known to be entitled to vote were simply required to give their names and addresses. Ethan Allen, who acted as superviso of the election, said that as nearly as could be estima 20 per cent of the voters were men who under the old rules would not have been cutified to a vote. The reg-ular ticket was elected with practically no dissenting

OPPOSITION TO BUTLER.

DISAFFECTION AMONG HIS FOLLOWERS. INDEPENDENTS DISSATISFIED-A COMMITTEE SENT TO THE GOVERNOR.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Boston, Sept. 14 .- The political air is filled with the premonitory mutterings of the coming storm and to the acute car there come many sounds that denote a breaking up of the Butler phalanx. The Governor of this Commonwealth begins to find out that there are disturbing elements in his household, and that the family that set him up at its head is by no means unite !. There are many political obligations contracted during the ante-election days that have not been fulfilled in fact that seem virtually outlawed by the Governor's disregard of his supporters' claims. The lately reported defection of Wendell Phillips, though it has met with a somewhat tardy and ambiguous denial, is generally believed to have had a basis of truth. The Republican editors of the city are practically unanimous in the belief that Mr. Phillips gave reasonable grounds for the statement that he would not vote for Governor Butier's re-election. The Advertiser tacitly admits this, and from the positive statements made to the truth of the first report by men of varying political beliefs, one of whom is a working officer in the Republican State Central Committee, and two prominent Greenbackers, there can be little doubt that Mr. Phillips sees the disaffection in Butler's camp and will not again vote for him.

Other and more direct workers in the Governor's cause are sulking in their tents and nearly threaten to forsake his standard, if not to desert to the enemy's ranks. The fact has leaked out that the Governor has not made good his promises of money; he has not paid the bills of the campaign, and evidently does not propose paying them. This injustice is specially reported from the ranks of the Independent Republicans, an organization that did much to elect Butler last fall. The value of their services has been fully recognized by the General in the past and was especially warmly praised just be-fore the election. Since that time, however, his appre-ciation seems to have faded and some of the leaders now grumblingly assert that they have been wholly unrecognized. They disclaim any desire for official preferment bills for campaign work paid, and they would like to be looked upon and now and then consulted as the constituents of the suited as the constituents of the successful candidate and the men who have an interest in the Governor's policy.

A STORMY MEETING OF INDEPENDENTS. On Thursday afternoon a stormy meeting of the organization was held at the Revere House, of which no correct report has yet appeared. The Boston papers vesterday were furnished with an account by the faction that was for "harmony" and Butler, and told of enthusiasm and unison in the range. No mention was made of the fact, as now revealed by one of the vice-presidents, that a secumittee of three was sent to the Governor with a demand to know what he now proposed to do for the Independents and to inform him that there was a difference of opinion within the organization regarding the desirability of supporting him in the coming election. Neither was it stated by the Boston papers that the Chief Executive of Massachusetts responded with the somewhat profane query: "Why in —— haven't you come around if you wanted anything i" Yet such an interview took place and the above remark was made. Upon the same good authority it further appears in the meeting several members the open declaration that they would not again support Butler, as his course did not meet with their approval, and he was not a trustworthy man. An effort was made by motion to take steps toward opening headquarters, but this matter was laid on the table, and the meeting adjourned without in any way approving the Governor or approving his administration.

approving the Governor or approving his administration.

As showing that this split in the ranks of the Independent Republicaus has some eignificance, it may be
stated that Governor Butter tool the committee of independents last Thursday tool the committee of independents last Thursday tool the committee of independents last Thursday tool their work for him last year
secured 15,000 votes, and that without these he would
have been defeated. He seemed anxious that they should
continue their organization and work in the coming
campaign, but in view of late developments their action
is a matter of doubt. The Governor may retain a hold
upon the majority and so secure the nomining support of
the organization, but many voters who were under its
influence last year will be found in the regular Republican ranks this year. This is specially assured if the Republicans procent a liberal and progressive man as their
candidate.

Another source of disaffection is found in the camp of
the Greenback such as considerable influence. By giving to Leader Litchman an office in the Railcoad Commission Governor Butter feets that he has secured the
strength and continued tealty of the Greenback support. They say that
to have been defeated. He seemed anxious that they should
continuous plainforms erected above the sidewalks on
each side of Baltimore and Earaw sta and at the crossings were all covered and decorated with parti-colored
bunting and flags. On the side with parti-colored
bunting and flags. On the side with parti-colored
burting and flags. On the side walks were many thousand
people from all paris of the land. Seated on the plattorns above this moving multitude were thousand of
ladies and gentlemen, many in full dress, laughing and
elasting and enjoying the scene.

Stortly after 8 o'clook the procession was formed at
Estaw-place and Laurens-st. and moved in two divisions or sections. The line of march was from Laurensst. along Entaw-place to Lauville, thence to the west
side of Entaw-place and Laurens

he has lost all interest in them and their principles, is seeking only his own personal preferient. Me hoynton, who sways the Greenback voters at to his will than any other man the party, has a bitter personal fight with Buller will do his atmost to dereathin, even to the extension working for the Republican candidate if necessary, view of these opposing elements among his own foling, to say nothing of the hadiquation that his cours fover nor has aroused, listifer is likely to find the pair re-election thorny and laborious, it not whosly possible. A LETTER FROM WENDELL PHILLIPS.

Wendell Pullips, in a letter to The Boston Advertiser, ienies the current report that he has changed his views regarding Governor Butler's re-election. He says: "I shall hall his re-election next year as a vast stride toward relieving the state from the Republican incubus which weighs so neavily upon it. If I could try to rally the temperance party, but the temperance men always betrayed us at party, but the temperance men always betrayed us at the poils, or I would try to raily the Greenback party, since the Greenbackers have only half done their work. In my jedgment the time has not come to raily party on either of those lines, and the idea loses more than it gains by sach a premature attempt. At present there will be only two political parties. The Republican is one. I distrust and deepise the Republicans as hypocrites and time-servers, as double-dealers, as souliess carriou masquerading in the grave-clothes of their homored predecessors. They have no right to, seek their candidate among the high-minded and preferable. Let them choose a fitting leader from among the Townships and the comment which upnoids Builer is a protest of earnest men against all this, inclinaing within it many very evil elements. This movement is supported by some of the best and most carnest men in the State. Its success will grant to powder the dead-weight that strangles and chokes us, as the anti-slavery rising buried the Whig relies beyond resurrection. Such success will give the livit, ghearin and hones men of the State room and a chance for a movement to recognize woman, protect laner, redeem the cities from rom, and give us a currency that will help and serve business, instead of cramping and undermining it, as the bank monopoly and this hybrid currency do now. Consequently I have not changed my views about Butier. But I think he certainly ough to be re-elected. Probably he will be re-elected, and he may safely challenge composition as to his career and conduct with any prominent political character in the State." the polls, or I would try to rally the Greenback party,

C. F. ADAMS, JR., DECLINES. NOT IN THE BACE FOR THE GOVERNORSHIP.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] BOSTON, Sept. 14 .- At a meeting in Quincy he home of Charles Francis Adams, jr.) recently, Mr. Adams's name was approved as a candidate for the Governorship. Mr. Adams's position is defined by the following letter, addressed by him yesterday to Everett

C. Bumpus, of Quincy, Mass.:

Absence from home prevented my attendance at the caucus of last evening over which you presined; and by the marning's paper I see that my name was there formally presented by my fellow townshee as a candidate for the nomination for Governor. I need not say that this expression of confidence is very grateful to me; but I am unwilling to have it go further. All who feel as I do, recognize but one immediate political duty, and that is to rescue Massachusetts from the hands of political chariatans and wreckers into which it was permitted last year to partially fall. To meater this result, unanimity is the one needful thing. In entering on the campaign before us it is therefore especially incumbent on all "favorite sons," "dark horses" and the like to get out of the way and to keep out of the way of either of the two gentlemen, in themselves wholly worthy, upon whom the general choice is obviously centring. This, so far as I am concerned, I propose to do; and, going to the convention an carnest advoate of that one of these two who shall prove to be the choice of the larger number, I cannot allow my name, to be presented to it. I trust my fellow-delegates from Quincy will accept this declasion as final.

MARYLAND DEMOCRATS UNEASY.

A CONFESSION THAT DEFEAT IS IMMINENT. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14 .- Judging by following appeal, copies of which are being sent to Democrate throughout Maryland, the leaders of the Democratic party in that State are in a state of panic. The appeal is signed by John F. Preston, secretary of the Executive Committee, and is dated at the Johns Building, Baltimore: "Believing that the Democrati party is in imminent peril of dissolution and defeat in the coming elections, unless some active steps are taken to arrest the threatened disaster and conselldate and

harmonize all the elements of the party, we address this invitation to you to meet us for consultation as to the harmonize all the elements of the party, we address this invitation to you to meet us for consultation as to the best measures to be adopted to accomplish this much desired end. We know that your position and influence in the party would have great weight in shaping the action of the State Convention now about to assemble, and we have opened our headquarters as a common ground where all who believe in Democratic principles and truly desire Democratic supremacy in Maryland may meet and discuss the situation and join with us in taking such concerted action as will harmonize every element of its strength and insure victory at the polis."

NEW-JERSEY REPUBLICANS.

TAYLOR DELEGATES ELECTED TO THE CONVENTION -MR. "TAYLOR'S CHANCES.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 14.-The movement in favor of the nomination for Governor, by the Republicans, of State Senator John Taylor which was first heard of to-day, has taken definite shape in the election at the Mercer County primaries this evening of a solid delegation in his favor. There was no opposition any-

other parts of the State shows to at the understanding that Mr. Taylor will reconsider his refusal of several weeks ago to be a candidate excites the liveliest satisfaction. Mr. Potts having declined to run, Taylor is thought to have a good chance of getting the nomination. He is a man who has grown up among the people from a small beginning, is popular, and has great business ability and an unimpeachable record on all public questions.

THE DEADLOCK IN PENNSYLVANIA.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Sept. 14 .- As soon as the journal was read in the Senate to-day the Re-publicans, in order to carry out the action of the caucus to meet only on Tuesday and Friday, moved to adjourn. The motion was carried. There was some little discusson prior to the motion on the correction of the journal, and the same bad feeling which prevailed yesterday showed itself again. The House, having nothing before it, adjourned shortly after meeting.

THE SIRE RECORD.

FLAMES IN THE HOTEL VENDOME. Boston, Sept. 14 .- A fire occurred at 4 o'clock this morning on the upper floor of the northwest end of the Hotel Vendome, one of the largest and finest hotels in the city, and the flames spread through the door to the staircase so rapidly that a second alarm was quickly sounded. The occupants did not try to save anything, but escaped as speedily as possible from that floor, some in their nightclothes. The fire did not get below the upper floor, but went through the metallic

The Bay View Hotel at Sea Cliff, L. I., was destroyed by fire at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. The neighboring buildings were saved only by the prompt and vigorous efferts of the citizens and the use of hose from the Sea Chiff Hotel.

THE MYSTIC PAGEANT AT BALTIMORE.

CLOSE OF THE ORIOLE FESTIVAL-THE CITY FILLED

WITH VISITORS. BALTIMORE, Sept. 14.—The procession of he mystic pageant, closing the Oriole festival of 1883, took place to-night. The city was in its best holiday attire. Flags, streamers and banners of every device waved from flagstaffs and windows and wires suspended from house to house across the streets. Baltimore and Entaw sts. were a panorama of gay and brilliant colors fluttering in the clear moonlight and the blaze of elec-tric, calcium and colored lights. The miles of almost

DR. JONES STILL MISSING.

TRACED TO QUEBEC AND SEEN BY FRIENDS IN LONDON.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14 .- A dispatch to The Tribune from Quebec says that Dr. Jones, in company with a woman and a little girl of five years, whom he registered as his wife and calld, arrived there on August 1, and sailed for Liverpool on August 4. It is furthermore said that Dr. Jones was seen at Covent Garden Theatre, in London, on August 18, in company with a woman. On the other hand, intimate friends of Dr. Jones , say that they do not know where he is and that all the talk about his movements is mere rumor. The woman's husband says that he knows of no reason for her departure, and that he received a letter from her a short time before she went away saying their married life had not been altogether pleasant, and that she proposed to go East and try to make a living for herself and child by hterary work.

THE TRIP OF LORD COLERIDGE.

THE PARTY TO BE ENTERTAINED BY NEW-YORK LAWYERS.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Sept. 14.-Lord Coleridge and party arrived here, on the way to Lenox, at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Lord Coleridge will be the guest of John E. Parsons, whose summer residence is at Lenox, and by Mr. Shepard, who also has a summer residence near there. Mr. Parsons drove him to Lenox, six miles distant, in his carriage, the rest of the party going by distant, in his carriago, the rest of the party going by special train over the Housatoule Railroad. To-morrow the party will be shown Lenox and Stockbridge, and will call at David Dudley Field's residence. On Monday the party will go to Albany and Troy, and thence to North Adams to visit the Hoosac Tunnel.

OBJECTING TO A PICTORIAL PAPER.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 14 .- W. Montross, of New-York, was to-day sentenced to pay a fine of \$1,000 or serve twelve months in the chain gaog for circulating The New-York Police Gazette. He came here several weeks ago to make a test case under the law passed in 1878. The presiding judge stated that he would impose the full benistly, because the defendant was seeking to get a footbold for the paper, which has been suppressed for five years. The case will be carried to the Supreme Court.

AMERICAN RAPID TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Boston, Sept. 14.-An important meeting of the directors of the American Rapid Telegraph Com p. ny was held to-day. It is rumored that a consolidation has been perfected with the Merchants' Company, but this is denied by President Converse. Four additional directors were added to the Board, preparatory, as Mr. Converse states, to the extension of the company's Converse states, to the Estatistic Chicago, St. Louis and the Southwest. The Board now consists of J. W. Converse and Frank Morrison, of Boston; F. H. May, A. W. Dimock, G. S. Mott, J. R. Hogeman, George P. Smith and A. H. Barny, New-York, and George B. Chandler, Manchester, N. H.

A DEFAULTING COUNTY TREASURER.

Jackson, Ohio, Sept. 14.-Milton C. Keenan Treasurer of Jackson County, has disappeared. He went away on September 5, saying that he would be back on cannot be traced further. On September 4 the County cannot be traced further. On September 4 the County
Commissioners counted the funds in his possession and
found them all right. Yesterday they caused the safe
to be opened and found Keenan to be a defaulter in a
sum not less than \$8,000. He is married and has a
family, but it is thought he cloped with a young girl.

DAMAGE TO THE HOP CROP.

TROY, N. Y., Sept. 14.-A heavy rain storm will spoil many boxes of hops in Otsego County. There is a large quantity of hops yet to be picked. The greater part of the unharvested crop has been rendered almost entirely worthless. Frosts have done great dam-age. Many yarus will hardly stand a storm.

ALLEGED OVERCHARGE OF CUSTOMS. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 14.—Counsel for Car-

onia & Bro. and Themell & Co., of New-York, has

brought suit against Collector of Customs Hartranft to recover \$1,000, an alleged overcharge of custom duties for a cargo of sponges landed in Philadelphia. The case as been certified from the Common Pleas Court to the United States Circuit Court and will be argued during the October term.

THE LOT OF A POLICE COMMISSIONER.

GAMBLERS TOO TROUBLESOME FOR THE VICE PRESIDENT OF THE ST. LOUIS BOARD. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

St. Louis, Sept. 14 .- For some time past the gamblers and lottery men of this city, who virtually ran the city some years ago, out whose occupation has been made impossible of late by the Johnson gambling law, have been making strenuous efforts to gain control of the Police Department. A new ring has been formed prominent criminal lawyer and a tireless politician of well-known unscrupulous character, have brought all sorts of influences to bear on the members of the Police Board and the Chief of Police to secure an abatement of the vigor with which the Johnson law has been enforced. One of the results of this action was the resignation today of Vice-President Kerwin, of the Police Board, who states that outside influences are continually at work states that outside influences are continually at work on the board to force him to remove houset and capable men and to put in their places men who would probably be dishonest. These influences, which were brought to bear by politicians and gamblers, became so troublesome that for comfort sake he decided upon giving up his position. It now rests with Governor Crittenden, who has the appointment of two of the Commissioners on hand, to decide whether the city is to be given to the gamblers or to remain in the hands of law and order.

FATAL AFFRAY AT A COAL MINE.

MINERS DISSATISFIED BECAUSE THEY WERE DIS-CHARGED.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNG.]

ALLENTOWN, Penn., Sept. 14.-Meagre particulars have been received of a bloody affray at one of the coal mines at Upper Leiugh, near Hazleton, at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. A number of miners were discharged by the company, and they threatened to destroy the company's property. Police-men were called upon, when a fight ensued, in which men were called upon, when a fight ensued, in which revolvers were recklessly used. A woman was shot and fatally injured, and a girl, age six, was instantly killed by spent balls. One policeman supposed to be Captain Hines, was shot through the hand. Nine miners were arrested upon whom eleven loaded revolvers were found. An officer pursued a miner through the streets of Hazleton. They came in coutact with each other and the officer was knocked down. Another miner was pursued to his house and took refuge on the inside and opened fire on the officer, which was returned until he surrendered. At 9 o'clock to night a dispatch was received stating that quietness was restored.

A CHALLENGE TO SCHAEFER.

Paris, Sept. 14 .- In addition to the game of billiards of 3,000 points, balk line, which has been arranged to be played here in October next, between Maurice Vignaux, of this city, and Jacob Schnefer, of Chicago, Vignaux to day sent another challenge to the J. M. Brunswick & Balke Company, of New-York, the doners of the championship emblem, offering to play Schaefer a game for the championship of the world, according to the rules. The rules provide for the game to be 500 points and \$500 a side.

A CHILD ABDUCTED AND ROASTED ALIVE.

INY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.! Myerstown, Penn., Sept. 14.-Considerable xcitement was created here this afternoon when Conable Fink brought to jail Andrew Pfangavaer, a tramp on a charge of abducting Alice Wenrich, about eleven child was stolen from its parents in the village of Anaville, this county, about five weeks ago, since which time nothing has been seen or heard of the girl. Pfan-gavner was arrested and there is talk of lynching him. The tramp denies his guilt, but states that the girl is in the possession of an Irishman whose name he could not

VESSELS IN DISTRESS.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 14. - The steamship America, from Vera Cruz, at this port to-day brought three-masted schooner Frank Atkins, 363 tons, which was abandoned at sea on Tuesday. The schooner be longed to Theodore E. Atkins and others of Philadelphia, and was valued at \$20,000. The eargo, which belonged to John Merryman & Co., of Baltimore, was valued at \$15,000 and insured.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.-The Signal Corps station at Portsmouth, N. C., reports under date of September 12. that the schooner Kate Carlonton, from Cardenas, West Indies, to Rockport, Me., is ashore and water-logged on the north side of Occacoke Inlet,

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.-When Judge Hilton closed up the Chicago branch of the dry-goods house of A. T. Stewart & Co., the firm owed \$11,300 in taxes, of which \$8,095 was due the city. Judge Hilton refused to pay these taxes, and the matter has dragged along ever since, the authorities of Cook County taking no decisive steps toward collecting the amount. City Controller Garvey now says that he will at once begin an action for the recovery of the amount due the city.

A RAILROAD TREASURER INDICTED.

TROY, N. Y., Sept. 14 .- At Rutland, Vt., to-day the Grand Jury returned four indictments against ex-Treasurer J. M. Haven, of the Rutland Railroad Company, charging him with the embezziement of Rutland Railroad moneys and over-issuing Rutland Railroad stock. Haven was arrested, and his aggregate ball was fixed at \$0,000.

A NEGRO WOMAN HANGED.

RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 14.—Barbara Miller, colored, was hanged here to-day for complicity in the murder of her husband in February last. Charles Henry Lee, her accomplice, was hanged on August 3. The panging to-day took place in the jail-yard of the Henric County Court, and was witnessed by about 100 people.

A LONG SENTENCE COMMUTED.

ALBANY, Sept. 14.-The Governor has commuted the sentence of Alexander Barto, who was con-victed in Onondaga County and sentenced to thirty years to an assault with intent to kill. The sentence is com-muted to imprisonment for the term of four years. With continued good conduct this entitles Barto to his dis-charge on November 25.

AMERICAN POMOLOGICAL SOCIETY.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 14.—The session of the merican Pomological Society closed to-day. The so-American Fomological solvely closed to all, the extention of the left annual convention, in 1885, should be held, and adjourned. The members of the society partock of a hanquet at the Union League given by the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society this evening.

THE NAVAL COURT MARTIAL.

Annapolis, Md., Sept. 14 .- The Court Martial resumed the trial of Cadet Jonnson this morn-ing. The testimony was of the usual character.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

CRUISE OF A WHATING SCHOONER.
PROVINCETOWN, Mass., Sept. 14.—The whaling schooler Quickstep arrived here to-day from a seven months cruise in the Atlantic Ocean, with 100 barrels of sperm and 80 barrels of whale oil.

AN ERIE CANAL BRIDGE DESTROYED,
UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 14.—The riotel-st. lift-bridg
over the Eric Canal was struck by a beat this afternoon and
fell into the water. Nobody was hurt. It will take a day o
more to remove the wreck.

OMAHA. Neb., Sept. 14.—The Nebraska State
Fair was attended yesterday and to-day by large crowds from
all parts of this State and Eastern lows. The fair is in every
respect, especially that of extensive exhibits, a great success.

CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMEMT.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 14.—William H. Pownall,
formerly a bookkeeper for Sinclair & Laughlin, wholesale
grocers, was given a final hearing to-day upon the charge of
embezzing 88.000 from his employers. He watvot a hearling and was held in \$5,000 food ball to answer at court.

NEBRASKA MERCHANTS ENTERTAINED,

ing and was held in \$0.000 bull to answer at court.

NEBRASKA MERCHANTS ENTERTAINED,

OMAHA, Neh., Sopt. 14.—The jobbers and wholesale merchants of Omaha last evening entertained the merchants from around the State visiting the State Fair. The guests were taken to the Paxton Hotel and given a banquet, about 300 being scaled. Togats were responded to by Sentitor Manderson and others.

LEPROSY AT SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—A case of leprosy was brought here by the last steamer from Honolutu. The quarantine officers refused permission for him to land. A writ of habeas corpus has been issued and the matter will come up in the Superior Court to-morrow.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 14.—J. H. Brown, Post Office Inspector for the Cincinnar Past Office Programment of the Cincinnar Past Office, received official information to-day that the posts Office at Junction City, Perry County, Ohio, had been robusted of all the postal noise of the Office, numbered consecutively from 7 to 500, the first six noise having been issued. The third also took the punch and the office stamp, thus securing an entire equipment for issuing postal noise.

A BATTLE IN TONQUIN.

PRICE FOUR CENTS.

THE FRENCH DEFEAT THE BLACK FLAGS.

RESULT OF THREE DAYS' HARD FIGHTING NEAR HA-NOI-SIXTEEN FRENCHMEN KILLED. LONDON, Sept. 14 .- A Reuter dispatch from Hong Kong, dated to-day, states that a battle has taken place between the French forces and the Black Flags, lasting eight hours. The engagement took place between Ha-Noi and Sontay, near the

Red River. The French forces are reported as hav-

ing lost two officers and fifty men. The loss of the

Black Flags is estimated at between 500 and 600

French accounts of the battle state that on Satarday, September 1, the French forces from Ha-Not advanced to within twelve miles of where the enemy was found in casemate forts upon which the fire of the French had no effect. After three days' hard fighting, the French troops, under General Bouet, carried the enemy's works at the point of the bayonet, capturing two towns and two Black Flag standards. The French loss was two officers and fourteen men killed, and three officers and forty men wounded. After the victory General Bouet withdrow his forces to Ha-Noi to await reinforcements, leaving 300 men to hold the captured towns.

Ha-Nol is the town were the French have been he ing their garrison since the previous engagement at Soutay, awaiting reinforcements. It is probable from the tenor of the foregoing dispatch that the Black Flags, whose headquarters are at Bac-Minh, to the northeast of Ha-Not, determined to recapture Sontay, from the French, who have kept gunboats there the last fortnight, and while en route from Bac-Minh across the delta were met by a French force sent from Ha-Not to intercept them, the battle being the result.

DETAILS OF THE RIOT IN CANTON. FIVE CHINESE SHOT-AN UNEASY FEELING AMONG

EUROPEANS. LONDON, Sept. 14.—A dispatch from Hong Kong to The Standard gives additional details of the riotings at Canton on Monday last. The rioting began at 8 a. m. As previously stated the trouble was caused by a quarrel between some Chinese and a Portuguese watchman on the quay. During the latter part of the riot some of the merchants armed themselves to defend their property. The party consisted of nine Germans and three Englishmen. They fired into the mob, killing five Chinese and

wounding many more. The arrival of Chinese troops finally checked the mob. There are now two British, one French and five Chinese gunboats moored in the river abreast the foreign settlement. The Chinese have posted placards on the walls of the city applauding the action of the populace, and calling upon them to kill the Europeans at the next opportunity which presents itself. The different Consuls at Canton admit that the situation is very serious and that the future of the European colony is gloomy in the extreme. There is almost open war between the native and foreign elements, and it will be necessary to have

men-of-war in the harbor for a long time to come as a measure of protection.

The houses burned by the mob include ten English, one American, two German and one French. The Cossuls have forwarded to the Viceroy an identical note, holding him answerable for the destruction of the property because he fatled promptly to send troops when advised of the disorders. Three Chinamen, who were caught in the act of Three Chinamen, who were caught in the act of plundering property, and the Portuguese who was the immediate cause of the outbreak are now imprisoned at the British Consulate.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 14.—It is reported that troubles in Woo-Chang, on the River Yan-tse-Kiang, have been fomented by members of the "White Lily"—a secret society which is opposed to the present dynasty.

dynasty.

The American Consul at Canton thinks there need be no further anxiety for the safety of the foreign residents of Canton.

DECISIONS OF THE FRENCH CABINET. Paris, Sept. 14.-The Cabinet held a council today. M. Challemel-Lacour was present and stated that the negotiations with the Chinese Ambassador were going on favorably. The forwarding of reinforcements to Tonquin was discussed and was approved by the Council. It was also agreed that France, in its negotiations with Chiua, should adopt a conciliatory policy.

It is announced that the Government has at present no intention to convene the Chamber of

Deputies before the 22d of October. NOTES AND COMMENT.

PARIS, Sept.14.-The Soir professes to give the following as the heads of the proposals by the Marquis Tseng, the Chinese Ambassador, to M. Challemel-Lacour:

That France shall cease sending reinforcements to Tonquin; that China will recognize the treaty of Huo, but will retain the right of investiture of the Anamese sovereigns; that the French protectorate shall be under Chinese control and under the direction of military mandarins; and that China shall be reimbursed for all expenses incurred in the repression of the Black Flags.

The Republique Francaise in an article upon the Tonquin question takes the ground that France cannot accept the proposed establishment of a neutral zone, but will be satisfied if Tonquin is withdrawn entirely from Chinese jurisdic-tion. It says that if England can guarantee the agreement to these points, the whole trouble will be speedily ended.

be speedily ended.

A dispatch from Hong-Kong says that M. Tricon, the late French Minister to China, accompanied by Sir George Bowen, the British Governor of Hong Keng, has gone to Pekin.

VIENNA, Sept. 14.—The London correspondent of

the New Free Press says he has learned from an au-thentic source that China and France have accept-ed in principle the mediation of England for the settlement of the Tonquin question.

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN NEWS.

PROPOSED CONGRESS OF THE POWERS. LONDON, Sept. 14 .- The Paris correspondent of The Standard telegraphs that there is reason to believe that the recent accessions to the Austro-German alliance will shortly result in Germany's issuing a proposal for a general congress of all the European Powers, with a view of determining upon a general disarmament. The correspondent states that he is assured that the Governments of Austria, Spain and Italy have already signified their willingness to participate in such a Congress.

RELATIONS OF PRUSSIA AND THE VATICAN. ROME, Sept. 14.-Baron von Schleezer, who recently visited Prince Bismarck at Gastein, has returned to Rome, and yesterday had an audience with Cardinal Jacobini, the Papai Secretary of State. The bases of the negotiations between the Vatican and Prussia were a reed upon yesterday.

THE DEPRECIATION OF SILVER.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 14 .- The Congress of Commerce and Industry began its annual sessi tosday. A resolution was adopted declaring that the principal cause of the depreciation of silver results from the decrease of its coinage in Europe. The resolution also expresses a wish for the adoption of a common double-standard throughout Europe and America.

FOREIGN NOTES.

MADRID, Sept. 14.—The Cabinet Council to-day resolved to accept the resignation of Señor de Rute & Ginez, Under Secretary of the Ministry of the Interior, who was the author of the newspaper article which led the Duke de Fernan-Nunes to tender his resignation as spanish Ambassador's resignation.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—This was the last day of the Done and the council of the Constant of the Constant

caster September meeting. In the race for the Doncas-ter Cup sir F. Johnstone's five-year-old cheannt mare Thebans walked over the course for the stakes. MARSHILLES, Sept. 14.—The funeral of Admiral Pierre MARSELLES, Sept. 14. The fineral of Admiral Pierre
took place here gesterday. Admiral Kraniz pronounced
the fineral oration, paying a high tribute to the
patriotism and ability of the deceased man. The flag
of the American Cousulate was at half-mast during the

London, Sept. 15 .- A telegram from Zanzibar reports

that the Malagasy Envoys landed in Madagascar at a port 100 miles south of Tamatave.

London, Sept. 15.—Cortachy Castle, near Forfar, Scotland, owned by the Earl of Airlie, has been burned. The loss is over 260,000.